



Protecting Our Communities

**Use of Force Performance Pack  
Produced by Strategic Governance**

Dates Covered:

01/10/2025  31/12/2025 



## Caveats

**Please note, data in this report is based on each individual form submitted by an officer, not individuals force is used on or the distinct incidents unless stated otherwise.**

Use of force data is beset by data quality issues across many of the fields that are recorded. All analysis needs to be viewed with this in mind as a result.

### Forms

Counts are based on a distinct count of a unique ID field for each form.

This will have an effect on the counting of number of tactics used. The counts are not the number of times each tactic was used, but how many times that tactic appeared at least once on the form. So, for example, if an officer has recorded that they have used unarmed skills on 6 occasions within one use of force form, the count will treat that as 1 rather than 6. So the counts show the number of times that tactic appeared at least once on the use of force form.

### Ethnicity

Ethnicity is based on a combination of self defined and officer defined ethnicity.

Self defined takes priority, but where the self-defined ethnicity is not recorded the officer defined is used as a substitute.

It is possible that the person is recorded as having different ethnicities across forms even within the same incident.

Please note, that self defined and officer defined are not recorded in the same way. It is not possible for an officer to record someone as Mixed ethnicity.

### Summing of Percentages

Please note, percentages will often add up to more than 100%. This is because an officer can record more than one impact factor or reason, for example, on the form.

### Subject Behaviour

Several categories are contained in this column. Only one of these options can be selected.

Compliant behaviour is based on the number of times someone is being recorded as 'Compliant'.

Resistance focuses on where the subject is recorded as resisting, from passive resistance to serious or aggravated resistance.

Verbal/gestures has not been included in either count.

### Duplicates

Due to the complexity of identifying duplicates in this data they have not been removed.

With multiple forms for particular incidents able to be recorded, it's not clear how these could be identified and removed accurately.

## High Level Overview

# 6904

Forms

# 2.74

Per 1000

# 1.55

Total Dispro

This pack details information on Use of Force within Thames Valley Police for the following time period: 01/10/2025-31/12/2025.

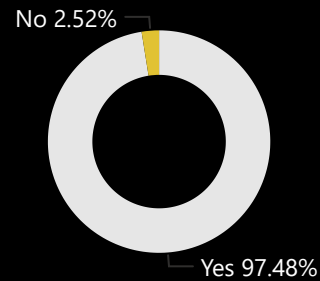
There were 6904 use of force forms submitted in this period, with an overall disproportionality ratio of 1.55. There were 2.74 forms completed per 1000 of the population.

The figure on the bottom left shows the number of times body worn video was used where it was available. BWV was not available to be used 9.14% of the time.

Disproportionality was highest for those of black ethnic origin, with a ratio of 3.74. This means a black person was around 4 times as likely to have force used on them as a white person. Please note this is based on a count of each individual form, so it does not refer to an individual subject.

At present 6 columns in the data return as blank and so are not reported until this is fixed. This includes four reasons for using force (protect self, protect other officers, protect public, and protect subject) and two columns related to the effectiveness of the force used (compliant handcuffing and non-compliant handcuffing). At present these pages are removed from the pack or the data excluded until reliability is established. This is why there is a small jump in figure numbers in the pack.

BWV Used?



# 33.75%

Compliant Handcuffing Only (%)

# 3931

Individuals - Distinct

# 365

Taser

### Subject profile

This page outlines the subject profile of those who have had force used on them in the specified time period (see front of pack). The top of the page shows ethnicity and gender breakdowns, whereas the bottom shows age grouping and whether the subject was perceived to have physical or mental health impairments by the officer.

Below is a breakdown of the number of form submitted for each LCU and the per 1000 information for each area.

Figure 1: Force by LPA

| LCU             | Forms       | Population     | Per 1000    |
|-----------------|-------------|----------------|-------------|
| Milton Keynes   | 1077        | 287040         | 3.75        |
| Berkshire East  | 1363        | 436596         | 3.12        |
| Berkshire West  | 1464        | 513320         | 2.85        |
| Buckinghamshire | 1397        | 553035         | 2.53        |
| Oxfordshire     | 1529        | 725280         | 2.11        |
| Out of Force    | 74          |                |             |
| <b>Total</b>    | <b>6904</b> | <b>2515271</b> | <b>2.74</b> |

Figure 2: Use of Force by Ethnicity

| Ethnicity (Combined) | Forms       | %              |
|----------------------|-------------|----------------|
| Asian                | 702         | 10.17%         |
| Black                | 841         | 12.18%         |
| Mixed                | 354         | 5.13%          |
| Other                | 137         | 1.98%          |
| Unknown              | 116         | 1.68%          |
| White                | 4754        | 68.86%         |
| <b>Total</b>         | <b>6904</b> | <b>100.00%</b> |

Figure 3: Use of Force by Gender

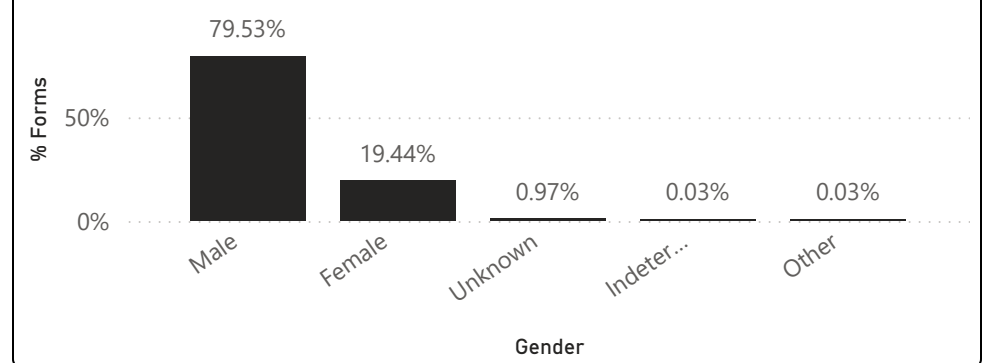
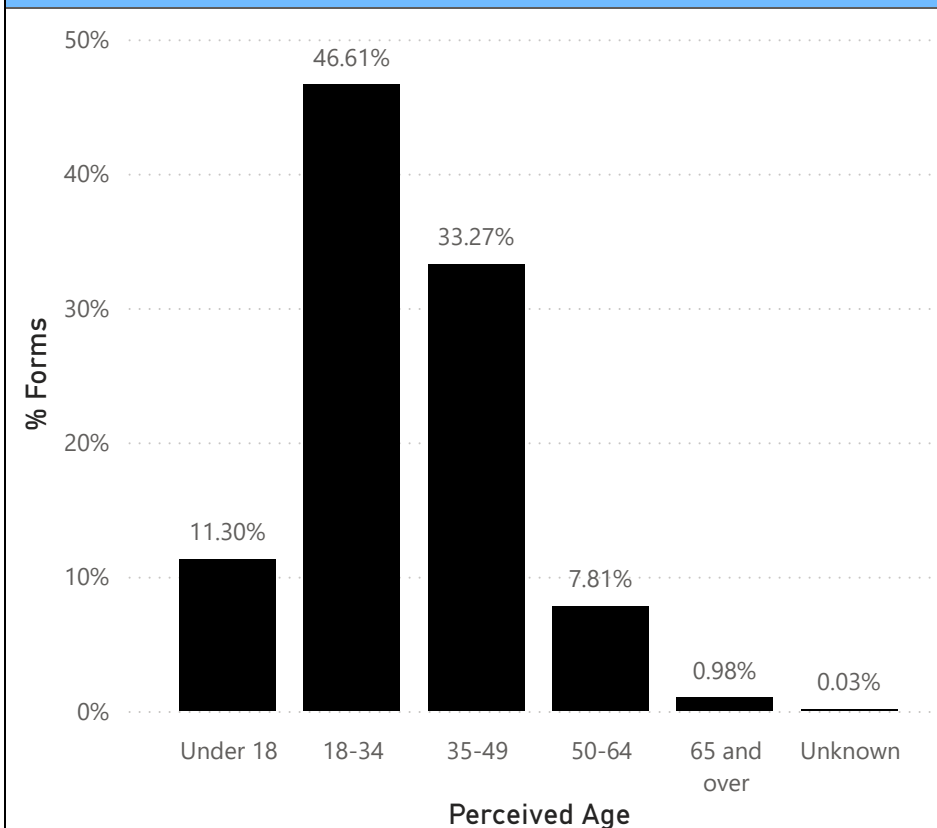


Figure 4: Use of Force by Age Group (Officer Perceived)



229

Self-Defined Physical Health Condition

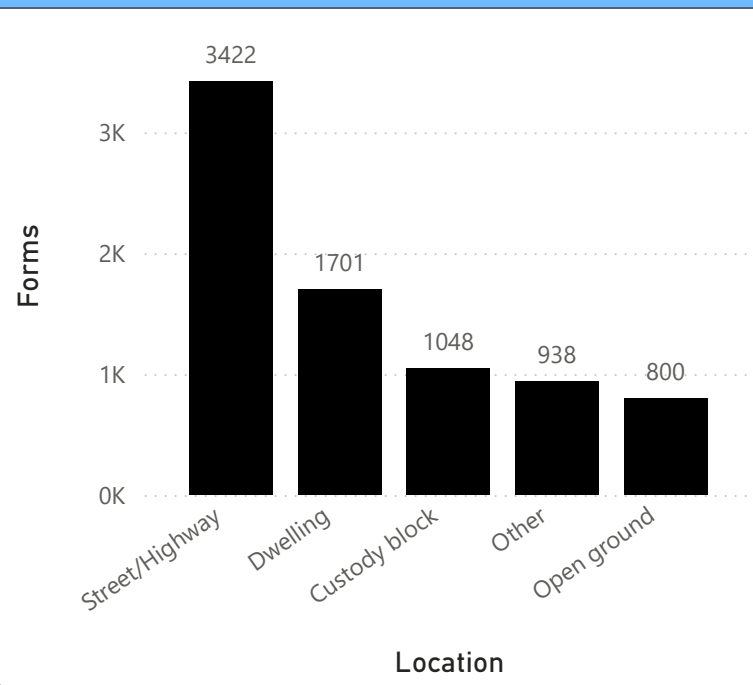
1468

Self-Defined Mental Health Condition

301

Self-Defined Mental & Physical Cond...

**Figure 5: Use of Force by Location**



**Figure 6: Reasons for using force: prevalence on forms by ethnicity**

| Reason                   | Forms          | White          | Eth Min        | Asian          | Black          | Mixed          | Other          |
|--------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Prevent Escape           | 57.49%         | 57.27%         | 58.49%         | 59.09%         | 59.59%         | 59.09%         | 47.33%         |
| Effect Arrest            | 53.77%         | 53.94%         | 53.14%         | 57.88%         | 50.44%         | 48.48%         | 57.25%         |
| Prevent Harm             | 47.29%         | 49.01%         | 43.29%         | 40.30%         | 43.58%         | 47.27%         | 46.56%         |
| Prevent Offence          | 35.41%         | 35.40%         | 35.32%         | 35.91%         | 34.05%         | 37.88%         | 33.59%         |
| Effect stop and search   | 16.59%         | 14.58%         | 21.28%         | 23.79%         | 21.35%         | 18.18%         | 16.03%         |
| Secure Evidence          | 16.58%         | 14.88%         | 20.86%         | 22.58%         | 19.31%         | 21.21%         | 20.61%         |
| Remove Handcuffs         | 11.10%         | 11.30%         | 10.69%         | 10.00%         | 11.18%         | 10.61%         | 11.45%         |
| Effect search in Custody | 7.94%          | 7.78%          | 8.23%          | 5.76%          | 10.17%         | 9.39%          | 6.11%          |
| Effect other search      | 4.44%          | 4.60%          | 4.04%          | 3.79%          | 4.19%          | 4.55%          | 3.05%          |
| Other                    | 1.82%          | 1.70%          | 2.10%          | 1.67%          | 2.16%          | 3.03%          | 1.53%          |
| <b>Total</b>             | <b>100.00%</b> | <b>100.00%</b> | <b>100.00%</b> | <b>100.00%</b> | <b>100.00%</b> | <b>100.00%</b> | <b>100.00%</b> |

**Reasons, Impact Factors, Locations, and Officer Duty**

This page shows the reasons, impact factors, locations, and officer duties when using force.

Please note, percentages will add up to more than 100% as officers can record more than one impact factor and reason per form.

Figures 6 and 7 each shows the prevalence of each impact factor and reason on each form, and then break this down by prevalence on the form for each ethnic group.

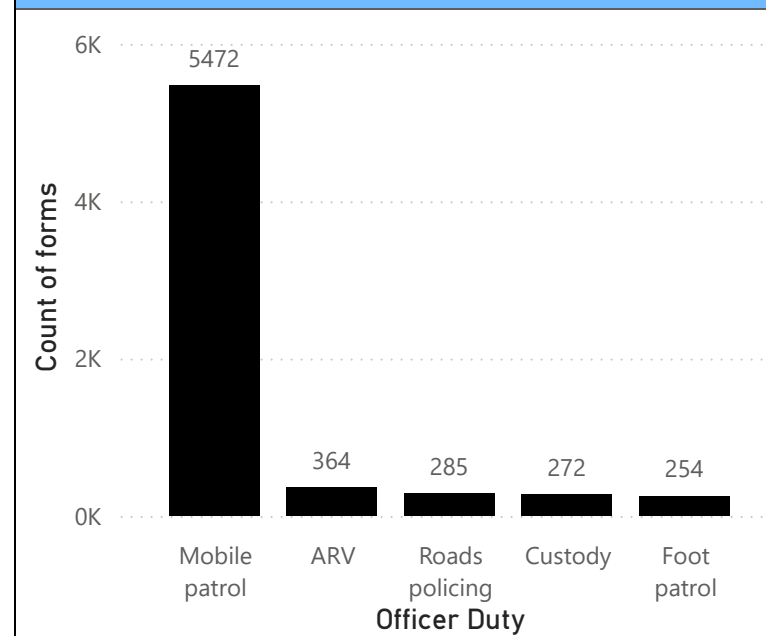
This allows for a comparison to see which impact factors and reasons may be driving use of force against each ethnic group more or less than others.

For example, alcohol is an impact factor recorded far more consistently where the subject is recorded as white, and recorded far less where they are ethnic minority.

**Figure 7: Impact Factors by Ethnicity: prevalence on forms by ethnicity**

| Impact Factors             | Forms          | White          | EthMin         | Asian          | Black          | Mixed          | Other          |
|----------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Alcohol                    | 35.50%         | 40.41%         | 24.29%         | 23.79%         | 23.66%         | 27.12%         | 23.36%         |
| Prior Knowledge            | 31.62%         | 31.66%         | 31.61%         | 30.77%         | 31.51%         | 33.05%         | 32.85%         |
| Drugs                      | 31.32%         | 31.49%         | 31.51%         | 29.49%         | 33.77%         | 35.03%         | 18.98%         |
| Mental Health              | 29.59%         | 33.28%         | 21.34%         | 15.67%         | 23.31%         | 28.25%         | 20.44%         |
| Size/Gender/Build          | 20.61%         | 20.19%         | 21.53%         | 16.67%         | 25.21%         | 22.60%         | 21.17%         |
| Possession of a Weapon     | 17.05%         | 15.54%         | 20.35%         | 20.23%         | 21.17%         | 17.80%         | 22.63%         |
| Other                      | 12.93%         | 12.41%         | 14.26%         | 16.10%         | 13.32%         | 12.71%         | 14.60%         |
| Crowd                      | 7.91%          | 7.28%          | 9.00%          | 9.83%          | 8.68%          | 9.04%          | 6.57%          |
| Acute Behavioural Disorder | 1.33%          | 1.66%          | 0.64%          | 0.28%          | 0.95%          | 0.56%          | 0.73%          |
| <b>Total</b>               | <b>100.00%</b> | <b>100.00%</b> | <b>100.00%</b> | <b>100.00%</b> | <b>100.00%</b> | <b>100.00%</b> | <b>100.00%</b> |

**Figure 8: Top 5 forms by Officer Duty**





This page shows details on threats towards officers within an incident.

Figures 14 and 16 show threats made by subject ethnicity and gender. They provide a comparison of the proportion on the form against the proportion of threats made by each grouping.

Please note that the percentages will count that a threat has been made, not each individual threat offered. So it shows that a subject threatened the officer in some way, it doesn't count that they were threatened with a knife and a firearm, for example.

Figure 15 shows threats by the recorded behaviour shown by the subject, and figure 17 shows the top 10 tactics used by officers when the subject had threatened them.

Finally, there are various cards showing whether the officer had intelligence of weapons, reported violence by a third party, and shows how many times an officer had recorded the subject as spitting at them.

**Figure 14: Forms and Threats by Ethnicity**

| Ethnicity    | Forms          | Threats        |
|--------------|----------------|----------------|
| Asian        | 10.34%         | 16.81%         |
| Black        | 12.39%         | 17.70%         |
| Mixed        | 5.22%          | 2.65%          |
| Other        | 2.02%          | 1.77%          |
| White        | 70.04%         | 61.06%         |
| <b>Total</b> | <b>100.00%</b> | <b>100.00%</b> |

**Figure 15: Threat by Subject Behaviour**

| Subject Behaviour                | Threats |
|----------------------------------|---------|
| Active resistance                | 37      |
| Aggressive resistance            | 37      |
| Serious or aggravated resistance | 19      |
| Compliant                        | 9       |
| Verbal / Gestures                | 7       |
| Passive resistance               | 6       |

**Figure 16: Forms and Threats by Gender**

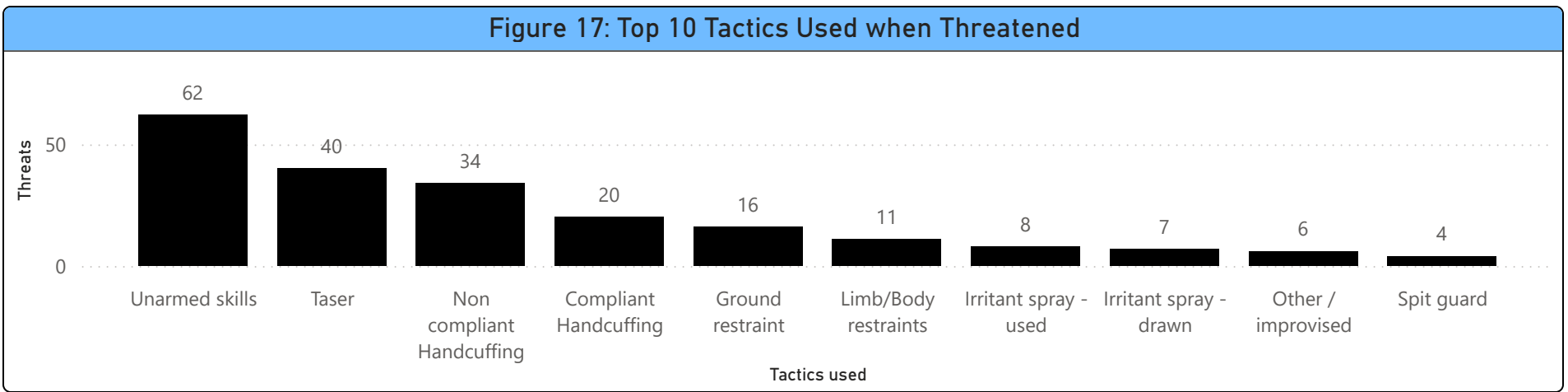
| Gender       | Forms          | Threats        |
|--------------|----------------|----------------|
| Female       | 9.26%          |                |
| Male         | 88.89%         | 100.00%        |
| Other        | 1.85%          |                |
| <b>Total</b> | <b>100.00%</b> | <b>100.00%</b> |

**1413**  
Intelligence - Weapons

**Threats**  
**115**  
Threats

**858**  
Violence - Reported

**118**  
Officer spat at



## Assaults & Injuries

# 83

### Injured from assault

This page shows information where an officer has recorded an injury to themselves.

This splits out where they were injured through being assaulted, where they were injured but not from an assault, and where they were assaulted but not injured.

Instances where the officer was not assaulted have been excluded.

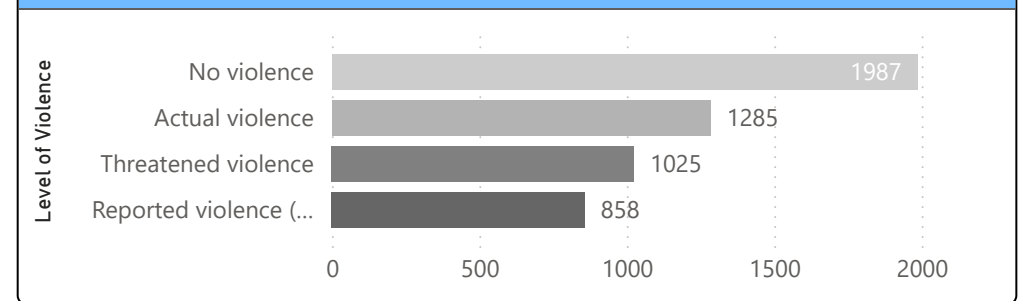
The page also shows the level of violence experienced. This ranges from no violence, actual violence, threatened violence, to violence as reported by a third party (this was only consistently recorded from July 24).

Assaults are also split out by the various impact factors recorded on the forms.

### Figure 18: Officer Injured or Assaulted

| Officer Injured                                 | Forms      | %              |
|---|------------|----------------|
| I was not injured but was assaulted             | 267        | 58.68%         |
| I was injured but not as a result of an assault | 105        | 23.08%         |
| I was injured as a result of an assault         | 83         | 18.24%         |
| <b>Total</b>                                    | <b>455</b> | <b>100.00%</b> |

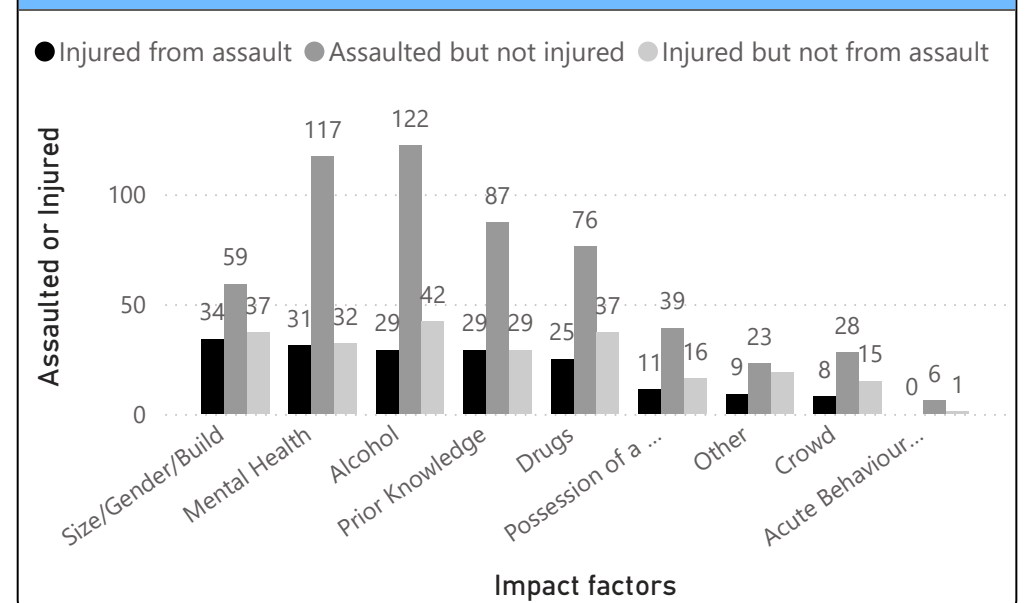
### Figure 19: Level of Violence



### Figure 20: Injuries and assaults by LPA

| LCU             | Injured from assault | Assaulted but not injured | Injured but not from assault |
|-----------------|----------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| Berkshire East  | 14                   | 65                        | 19                           |
| Berkshire West  | 16                   | 51                        | 28                           |
| Buckinghamshire | 18                   | 52                        | 18                           |
| Milton Keynes   | 15                   | 44                        | 9                            |
| Out of Force    | 0                    | 1                         | 1                            |
| Oxfordshire     | 20                   | 54                        | 30                           |
| <b>Total</b>    | <b>83</b>            | <b>267</b>                | <b>105</b>                   |

### Figure 21: Assaults and injuries by Impact Factor



## Disproportionality by LCU

### Figure 22: Asian

| Incident LCU    | Forms      | Population    | per 1000    | Dispro      |
|-----------------|------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|
| Oxfordshire     | 122        | 46379         | 2.63        | 1.48        |
| Buckinghamshire | 170        | 68294         | 2.49        | 1.18        |
| Berkshire West  | 112        | 59729         | 1.88        | 0.72        |
| Milton Keynes   | 84         | 35636         | 2.36        | 0.67        |
| Berkshire East  | 197        | 103048        | 1.91        | 0.62        |
| Out of Force    | 17         |               |             |             |
| <b>Total</b>    | <b>702</b> | <b>313086</b> | <b>2.24</b> | <b>0.93</b> |

### Figure 23: Black

| Incident LCU    | Forms      | Population   | per 1000    | Dispro      |
|-----------------|------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| Oxfordshire     | 164        | 14850        | 11.04       | 6.23        |
| Buckinghamshire | 166        | 14233        | 11.66       | 5.53        |
| Berkshire East  | 172        | 17353        | 9.91        | 3.23        |
| Berkshire West  | 159        | 18901        | 8.41        | 3.22        |
| Milton Keynes   | 169        | 27882        | 6.06        | 1.73        |
| Out of Force    | 11         |              |             |             |
| <b>Total</b>    | <b>841</b> | <b>93219</b> | <b>9.02</b> | <b>3.74</b> |

### Figure 24: White

| Incident LCU    | Forms       | Population     | per 1000    |
|-----------------|-------------|----------------|-------------|
| Milton Keynes   | 720         | 206081         | 3.49        |
| Berkshire East  | 880         | 286945         | 3.07        |
| Berkshire West  | 1065        | 407122         | 2.62        |
| Buckinghamshire | 932         | 442234         | 2.11        |
| Oxfordshire     | 1117        | 630090         | 1.77        |
| Out of Force    | 40          |                |             |
| <b>Total</b>    | <b>4754</b> | <b>1972472</b> | <b>2.41</b> |

### Figure 25: Mixed

| Incident LCU    | Forms      | Population   | per 1000    | Dispro      |
|-----------------|------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| Buckinghamshire | 88         | 19556        | 4.50        | 2.14        |
| Milton Keynes   | 72         | 11723        | 6.14        | 1.76        |
| Oxfordshire     | 65         | 22634        | 2.87        | 1.62        |
| Berkshire East  | 63         | 15384        | 4.10        | 1.34        |
| Berkshire West  | 64         | 18429        | 3.47        | 1.33        |
| Out of Force    | 2          |              |             |             |
| <b>Total</b>    | <b>354</b> | <b>87726</b> | <b>4.04</b> | <b>1.67</b> |

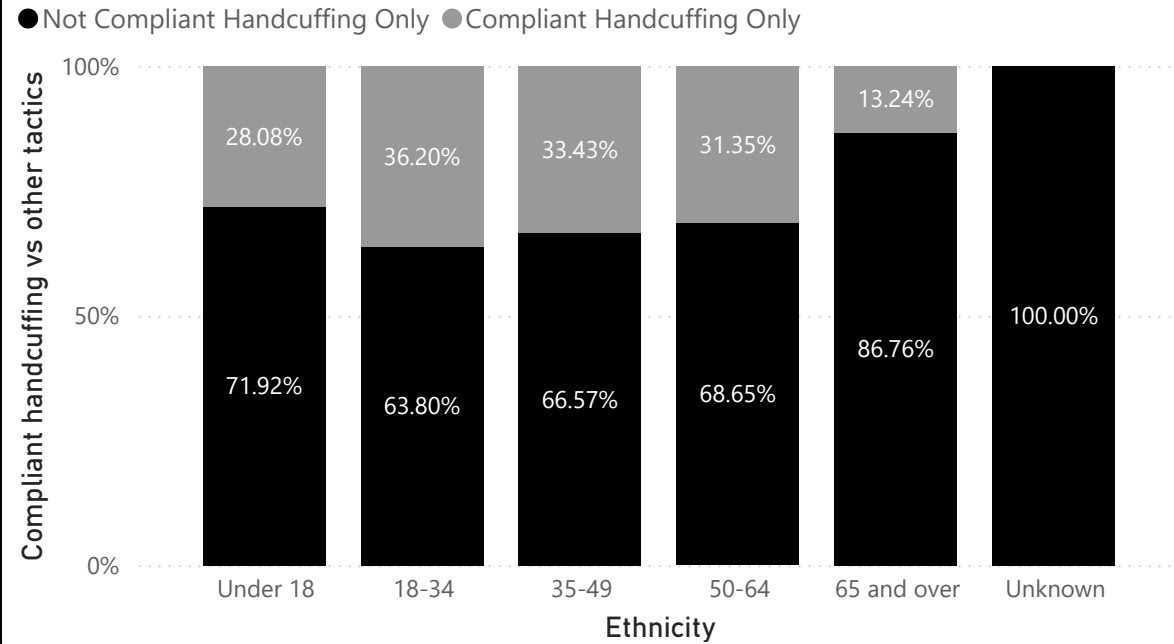
### Figure 26: Other

| Incident LCU    | Forms      | Population   | Per 1000    | Dispro      |
|-----------------|------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| Oxfordshire     | 32         | 11327        | 2.83        | 1.59        |
| Berkshire West  | 38         | 9139         | 4.16        | 1.59        |
| Buckinghamshire | 20         | 8718         | 2.29        | 1.09        |
| Berkshire East  | 30         | 13866        | 2.16        | 0.71        |
| Milton Keynes   | 14         | 5718         | 2.45        | 0.70        |
| Out of Force    | 3          |              |             |             |
| <b>Total</b>    | <b>137</b> | <b>48768</b> | <b>2.81</b> | <b>1.17</b> |

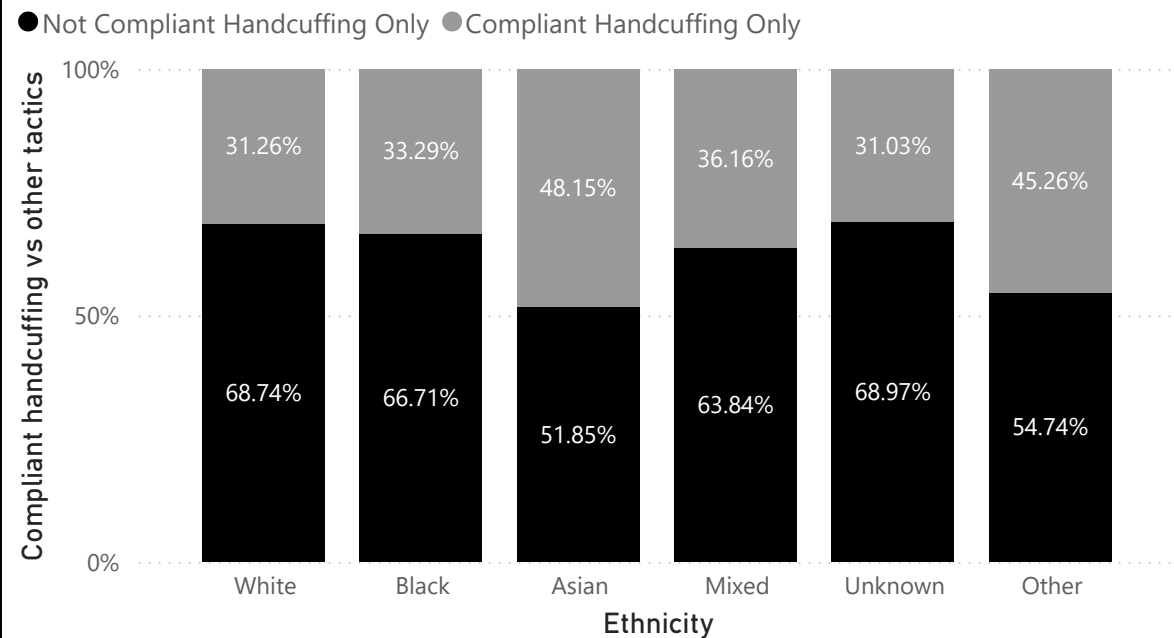
**Figure 27: Tactics used (Distinct)**

| Tactics                   | Forms       | % Forms        |
|---------------------------|-------------|----------------|
| Unarmed skills            | 3350        | 48.52%         |
| Compliant Handcuffing     | 3128        | 45.31%         |
| Non compliant Handcuffing | 1615        | 23.39%         |
| Ground restraint          | 625         | 9.05%          |
| Limb/Body restraints      | 394         | 5.71%          |
| Taser                     | 361         | 5.23%          |
| Other / improvised        | 348         | 5.04%          |
| Irritant spray - used     | 138         | 2.00%          |
| Spit guard                | 99          | 1.43%          |
| Irritant spray - drawn    | 90          | 1.30%          |
| Firearms                  | 34          | 0.49%          |
| Baton used                | 28          | 0.41%          |
| Dog deployed              | 22          | 0.32%          |
| Baton drawn               | 15          | 0.22%          |
| Dog biting                | 12          | 0.17%          |
| AEP drawn                 | 11          | 0.16%          |
| Shield                    | 9           | 0.13%          |
| AEP used                  | 1           | 0.01%          |
| <b>Total</b>              | <b>6904</b> | <b>100.00%</b> |

**Figure 28: Compliant handcuffing only vs not compliant handcuffing by age (%)**



**Figure 29: Compliant handcuffing only vs not compliant handcuffing by ethnicity (%)**



**Tactics**

This page breaks down tactics used.

It shows splits of compliant handcuffing only against cases where something other than compliant handcuffing was also used and breaks this down as proportions again age and ethnic groups. Below you can see the proportion of forms using certain numbers of tactics. All forms must have at least one tactic. Where a form does not, it is removed from the data.

Please note, the 'Tactics used (Distinct)' table used a distinct count of tactics. In other words if, for example, someone has recorded unarmed skills 6 times on one form, this will only be counted once.

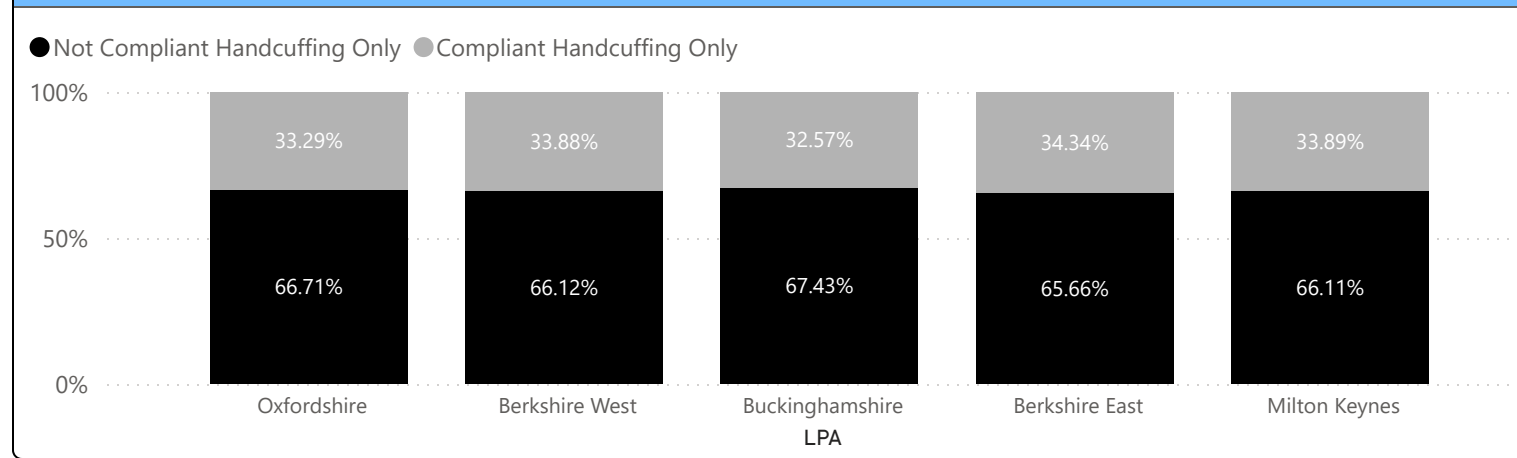
**Figure 30: Tactics by Tactic Number**

| Tactic No.          | % Forms        |
|---------------------|----------------|
| First Tactic Used   | 100.00%        |
| Second Tactic Used  | 36.79%         |
| Third Tactic Used   | 12.83%         |
| Fourth Tactic Used  | 4.75%          |
| Fifth Tactic Used   | 1.87%          |
| Sixth Tactic Used   | 0.74%          |
| Seventh Tactic Used | 0.36%          |
| Eighth Tactic Used  | 0.19%          |
| <b>Total</b>        | <b>100.00%</b> |

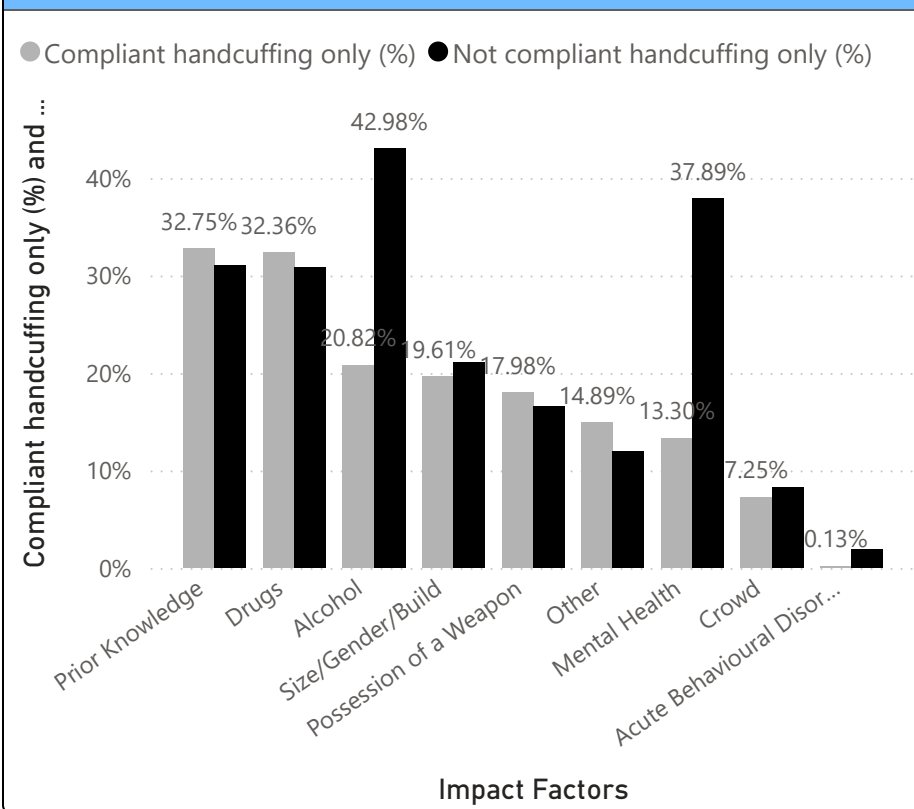
**Figure 35: Compliant Handcuffing Only by Ethnicity (Combined)**

| Ethnicity    | Forms (%)      | Compliant Handcuffing Only (%) | More than Compliant Handcuffing Only (%) |
|--------------|----------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Asian        | 10.34%         | 14.73%                         | 8.10%                                    |
| Black        | 12.39%         | 12.21%                         | 12.48%                                   |
| Mixed        | 5.22%          | 5.58%                          | 5.03%                                    |
| Other        | 2.02%          | 2.70%                          | 1.67%                                    |
| White        | 70.04%         | 64.78%                         | 72.72%                                   |
| <b>Total</b> | <b>100.00%</b> | <b>100.00%</b>                 | <b>100.00%</b>                           |

**Figure 36: Not Compliant Handcuffing Only vs Compliant Handcuffing Only by Incident LPA**



**Figure 37: Compliant Handcuffing Only vs Not Compliant Handcuffing Only by Impact Factor (%)**



**37**  
Injured - compliant handcuffing only

**423**  
Injured - not compliant handcuffing only

**Figure 38: Compliant handcuffing only and not compliant handcuffing only by reason**

| Reason                   | Compliant Handcuffing | %              | Not Compliant Handcuffing Only | (%)            |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|--------------------------------|----------------|
| Prevent Escape           | 1340                  | 61.02%         | 2353                           | 55.65%         |
| Effect Arrest            | 1225                  | 55.78%         | 2229                           | 52.72%         |
| Prevent Harm             | 752                   | 34.24%         | 2286                           | 54.07%         |
| Effect stop and search   | 632                   | 28.78%         | 434                            | 10.26%         |
| Prevent Offence          | 618                   | 28.14%         | 1657                           | 39.19%         |
| Secure Evidence          | 519                   | 23.63%         | 546                            | 12.91%         |
| Remove Handcuffs         | 306                   | 13.93%         | 407                            | 9.63%          |
| Effect other search      | 95                    | 4.33%          | 190                            | 4.49%          |
| Effect search in Custody | 46                    | 2.09%          | 464                            | 10.97%         |
| Other                    | 10                    | 0.46%          | 107                            | 2.53%          |
| <b>Total</b>             | <b>2196</b>           | <b>100.00%</b> | <b>4228</b>                    | <b>100.00%</b> |

**Compliant Handcuffing Only vs Not Compliant Handcuffing only**

**33.75%**

Compliant Handcuffing Only (%)

This page breaks out use of force into a comparison of instances where only compliant handcuffing is recorded against where the officer has said other tactics separate from compliant handcuffing were used.

This is visualised by ethnic group against total number of forms, by Incident LCU, by impact factors and reasons, and then shows the number of times someone has been recorded as injured in some way when the tactics were only compliant handcuffing and not just compliant handcuffing.

Please note, it is possible that the injuries were not caused by the use of force itself. Additionally, it is not possible to tell from the data which type of force caused an injury.

## Injuries

# 326

### Individual Subjects Injured

This page breaks down the number of times the subject has been recorded as injured on the use of force form.

Unless otherwise stated, this is not injuries caused to distinct individuals but where an injury has been recorded on the form.

The above visual 'Individual Subjects Injured' and figure 41 both show the number of times an individual subject was injured.

All other visuals base the counts on injuries recorded on each form. This means there may be some double counting.

Injury per 1000 is based on a comparison to the population that force has been used on, not comparison to census population.

Figure 39: Injuries by Gender - Prevalence on form against prevalence of injury by gender

| Gender        | Forms          | Injury         |
|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| Female        | 19.44%         | 15.65%         |
| Indeterminate | 0.03%          |                |
| Male          | 79.53%         | 81.09%         |
| Other         | 0.03%          |                |
| Unknown       | 0.97%          | 3.26%          |
| <b>Total</b>  | <b>100.00%</b> | <b>100.00%</b> |

Figure 41: Individuals - Distinct by Subject Injury Level

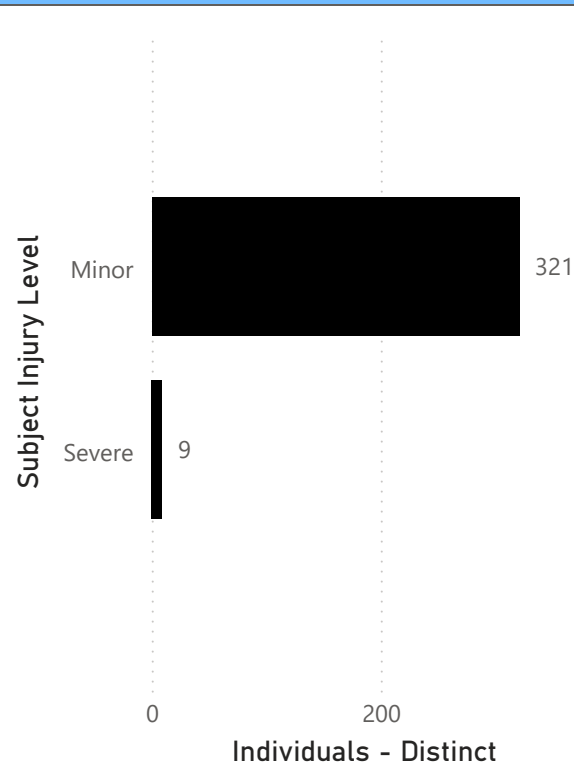
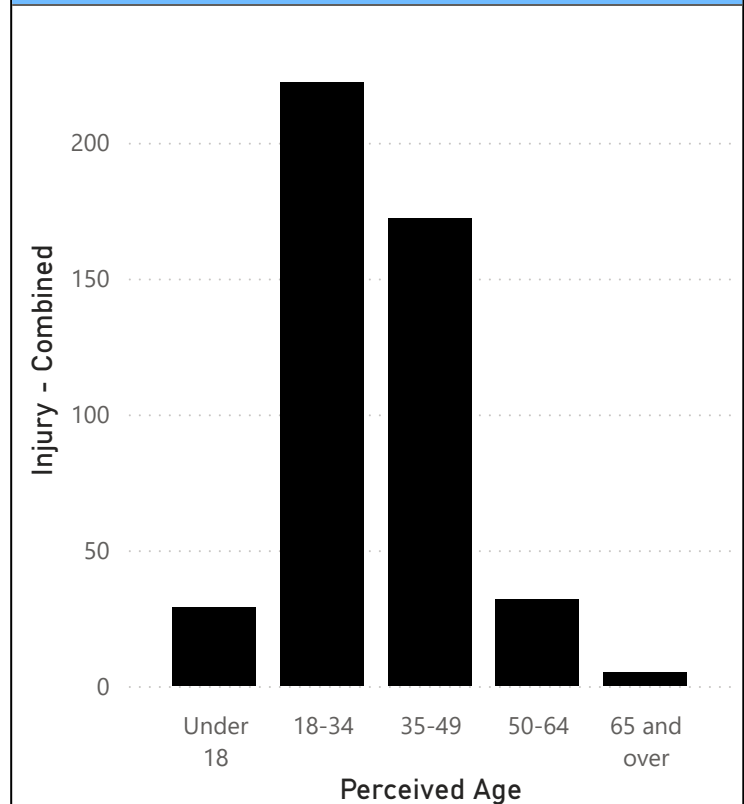
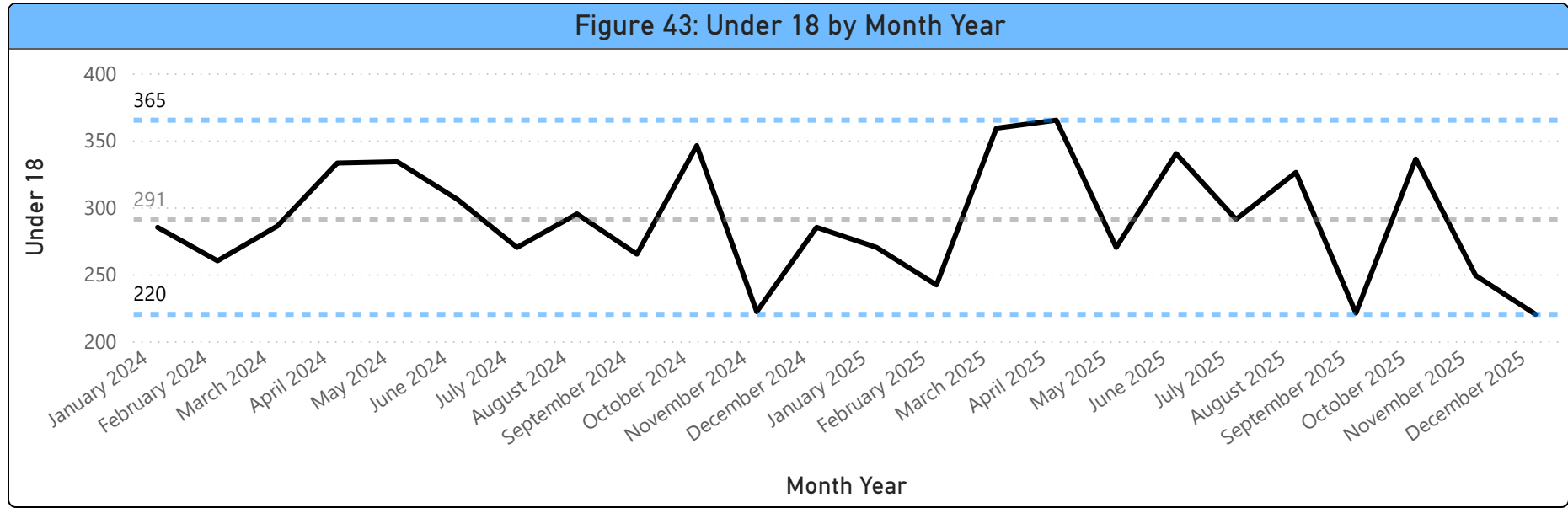


Figure 40: Injury by Ethnicity

| Ethnicity    | Forms          | Injury Combined | Injury - per 1000 |
|--------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| Asian        | 10.34%         | 4.89%           | 31.34             |
| Black        | 12.39%         | 9.78%           | 52.32             |
| Mixed        | 5.22%          | 4.89%           | 62.15             |
| Other        | 2.02%          | 1.78%           | 58.39             |
| White        | 70.04%         | 78.67%          | 74.46             |
| <b>Total</b> | <b>100.00%</b> | <b>100.00%</b>  | <b>66.29</b>      |

Figure 42: Injuries by Age Group





### Figure 44: Under 18 by LPA

| Incident LCU    | Under 18   | %              |
|-----------------|------------|----------------|
| Buckinghamshire | 185        | 22.98%         |
| Berkshire East  | 173        | 21.49%         |
| Berkshire West  | 170        | 21.12%         |
| Oxfordshire     | 138        | 17.14%         |
| Milton Keynes   | 133        | 16.52%         |
| Out of Force    | 6          | 0.75%          |
| <b>Total</b>    | <b>805</b> | <b>100.00%</b> |

**11.66%**  
Proportion U18s

**29**  
Injury - U18

### Figure 45: Under 18 by Ethnicity

| Ethnicity Combined | Under 18   | %              |
|--------------------|------------|----------------|
| Asian              | 40         | 4.97%          |
| Black              | 148        | 18.39%         |
| Mixed              | 82         | 10.19%         |
| Other              | 13         | 1.61%          |
| Unknown            | 15         | 1.86%          |
| White              | 507        | 62.98%         |
| <b>Total</b>       | <b>805</b> | <b>100.00%</b> |

**U18s**

# 228

Compliant Handcuffing Only

This page analyses use of force forms where the subject was recorded as under 18.

Figure 43 shows force used over a 24 month time period, with an average of 294 use of force forms per month.

Figure 44 gives a breakdown of the number of forms completed for under 18s by each LCU with percentage of the total.

Figure 45 gives the figures for under 18s by ethnicity, showing how many forms were filled out for each ethnic group where the subject's age was under 18 in the data.

Finally, the three card show the number of injuries caused when the person was recorded as under 18.

## Notes

### Self-Defined Ethnicity

#### Asian

A1. Indian; A2. Pakistani; A3. Bangladeshi; A4. Chinese; A9. Any other Asian background

#### Black

B1. Caribbean; B2. African; B9. Any other Black background

#### Mixed / Multiple

M1. White and Black Caribbean; M2. White and Black African; M3. White and Asian; M9. Any other mixed

#### Not stated

NS. Not stated

#### Other

O2. Arab; O9. Any other

#### White

W1. British; W2. Irish; W3. Gypsy or Irish Traveller; W9. Any other white background

### Officer Perceived

Unknown; White - North European; White - South European; Black; Asian; Chinese,Japanese,SE Asian; Middle Eastern

### Notes

All population statistics are taken from the 2021 Census published 29th November 2022.

### Why use per 1000 population?

Showing the incidence rate per 1000 of population makes comparisons between different areas easier, especially when the population size in those areas differs.

| Populations by LPA |               |              |              |              |                |                |
|--------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|
| LCU                | Asian         | Black        | Mixed        | Other        | White          | Total          |
| Berkshire East     | 103048        | 17353        | 15384        | 13866        | 286945         | 436596         |
| Berkshire West     | 59729         | 18901        | 18429        | 9139         | 407122         | 513320         |
| Buckinghamshire    | 68294         | 14233        | 19556        | 8718         | 442234         | 553035         |
| Milton Keynes      | 35636         | 27882        | 11723        | 5718         | 206081         | 287040         |
| Oxfordshire        | 46379         | 14850        | 22634        | 11327        | 630090         | 725280         |
| <b>Total</b>       | <b>313086</b> | <b>93219</b> | <b>87726</b> | <b>48768</b> | <b>1972472</b> | <b>2515271</b> |